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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently amended) A method for controlling acceleration of a toy vehicle configured to be operated by a person, said method comprising:

receiving a throttle signal operable to induce motion via a motor operating as a drive mechanism of the toy vehicle;

generating a transition signal based on the throttle signal; and applying the transition signal to affect operation of the motor, wherein the operation of the motor is a transition from a first to a second angular velocity.

- 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the transition signal is a pulse width modulation signal.
- 3. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the pulse width modulation ranges from approximately a 20 percent to approximately a 100 percent duty cycle.
- 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1, wherein the motor includes a high and low terminal, the transition signal being applied to the low terminal of the motor.
 - 5. (Canceled)
- 6. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 5 claim 1, wherein the transition from the first to second angular velocity is substantially linear.
- 7. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 6 claim 1, wherein the transition signal ramps power to the motor.

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8. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 5 claim 1, wherein the transition from the first to second angular velocity is non-linear.

- 9. (Currently amended) The method according to claim 5 claim 1, wherein the transition occurs over a time span of at least one second.
- 10. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising:
 receiving a shift signal indicative of a change of direction of motion for the toy vehicle;

if power is being applied to the motor,
initiating a delay; and
applying the transition signal to the motor.

11. (Original) The method according to claim 1, further comprising:

forming a second transition signal upon the throttle signal being transitioned, the second transition signal being utilizable upon the throttle signal being re-transitioned over a predetermined time duration.

12. (Original) The method according to claim 11, further comprising:

initiating, upon the throttle signal being re-transitioned before expiration of the predetermined time duration, the transition signal at a level associated with the second transition signal.

13. (Original) The method according to claim 11, wherein the second transition signal is substantially linear.

14-40. (Canceled).

41. (Currently amended) A computer-readable medium having stored thereon sequences of instructions, wherein the sequences of instructions include instructions, when executed by a processor, eauses that cause the processor to:

receive a throttle signal operable to induce motion via a motor operating as a drive mechanism of the toy vehicle;

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generate a transition signal based on the throttle signal; and apply the transition signal to effect operation of a motor operating within a toy vehicle, wherein the operation of the motor is a transition from a first to a second angular velocity.

42-45. (Canceled)

- 46. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the transition signal is a pulse width modulation signal.
- 47. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the pulse width modulation ranges from approximately a 20 percent to approximately a 100 percent duty cycle.
- 48. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the motor includes a high and low terminal, the transition signal being applied to the low terminal of the motor.
- 49. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the transition from the first to second angular velocity is substantially linear.
- 50. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the transition signal ramps power to the motor.
- 51. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the transition from the first to second angular velocity is non-linear.
- 52. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the transition occurs over a time span of at least one second.
- 53. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the instructions further cause the processor to:

receive a shift signal indicative of a change of direction of motion for the toy vehicle;

if power is being applied to the motor,

initiate a delay; and

apply the transition signal to the motor.

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54. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the instructions further cause the processor to:

form a second transition signal upon the throttle signal being transitioned, the second transition signal being utilizable upon the throttle signal being re-transitioned over a predetermined time duration.

55. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 54, wherein the instructions further cause the processor to:

initiate, upon the throttle signal being re-transitioned before expiration of the predetermined time duration, the transition signal at a level associated with the second transition signal.

- 56. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 54, wherein the second transition signal is substantially linear.
- 57. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 54, wherein the second transition signal is substantially non-linear.
- 58. (New) The computer readable medium of claim 41, wherein the throttle signal is received from an operator in physical contact with the toy vehicle.
- 59. (New) The method of claim 1, wherein the throttle signal is received from an operator in physical contact with the toy vehicle.